

Electrochemical cells

## POWER SUPPLY

15 to 30vDC 24v nominal

## OUTPUTS

3 wire	4~20mA output	
4 wire	CANbus	
Relays	Low alarm	SPCO
	High alarm	SPCO 0-5A@ 30v DC
	Fault alarm	SPCO
	Inhibit option during servicing	
Logging	Intervals – variable time	
	Roll over/stop	
	Storage – 2,880 readings	
Requires	USB-A to USB Micro B cable	
	PC or laptop (dedicated)	
	GDS Terminal (download from GDS website)	

## SET UP PROCEDURE

### Direct Sensor – 3 wire - 4~20mA

New sensors are supplied ready to connect to a system with all jumpers inserted. This procedure shows how to recalibrate as part of routine maintenance or cell replacement.

The first part is to set up the 4-20mA section which is produced by the CELL circuit. Note some cells take time to stabilise. If used as 3 wire, only steps 1 to 5 are required.

1. Connect the cell to terminal J14 and use +24V, 0V and 4~20mA connections on terminal J2 for 3 wire.
2. Measure the output current  $mV=mA$  at test pins TP2/TP3 and adjust reading to 4mA using the Zero pot. LED D9 will go green.
3. Apply span gas to cell and adjust Gain pot to give correct mV reading at test pins TP2/TP3.  
**NOTE:** at 50% span gas, the mV reading at TP2/TP3 should be 12mV.
4. Remove the span gas and re-adjust Zero pot to 4mV if required.

### 4 wire CANbus / 3 wire 4~20mA with processor communication

5. With power applied ensure that MPU led is flashing and the CAN led is on or flashing.
6. Connect USB-A to USB Micro B lead to J11 connector and to a PC running GDS Terminal at 4800 baud. Ensure jumper J17 is fitted before programming.
7. The terminal output screen shows continuous data output/ commands and allows input from the PC keyboard.
8. Select COM Port – Note each new sensor connected requires a new COM Port to be connected to.
9. Press 'Space Bar' loads sensor information.
10. Press 'C' enters calibration mode
11. Press 'G' to change the gas type to match the cell being used. NOTE: the range of the new gas has a default value but can be changed by pressing 'R'.
12. Press 'A' to change the address of this sensor if required.
13. Press 'N' to select the number of decimal places to 1 or 2, (ie: dp=1 or dp=2)
14. When in clean air, the sensor is zeroed by adjusting 'Zero' pot until LED 'D9' goes green, 4mA should be present on 'TP2' and 'TP3'.
15. Then apply span gas and press 'S' to enter span mode, obtain correct mV reading for test gas used by adjusting 'Gain Pot'. The displayed reading can be made HIGHER by pressing 'H' LOWER by pressing 'L'  
**NOTE:** This changes the mA reading on TP2/TP3. E.g. half range calibration gas = 12mV on TP2/3.

16. Pressing 'SPACE BAR' will exit the span mode
17. Press 'V' to view log of sensor readings if required
18. Pressing 'X' will exit the calibration mode.

**NOTE:** Oxygen cells only use the P+ and Y terminals J14. To adjust for "zero" it is normal practice to disconnect the green connector on J14 and adjust the Zero pot until LED D9 is green and 4mA across TP2/TP3. When the cell is reconnected in air at 20.9% oxygen the span can be adjusted for 17.4mA reading across the same test pins using gain pot.

If an LCD option is fitted then calibration and other settings using magnets instead of a PC can be achieved – see over.

19. On completion and when used as an addressable sensor, future calibrations may be carried out at the Combi alarm panel.

COMMAND	USE
A = Set CAN address	Sets the CAN address
G = Select gas type	Select the gas type from a list
Z = Zero	Press when no gas on sensor to give zero
S = Span H and L change reading	Use when calibration gas applied
D = Enter calibration date	Enter the calibration date
Y = Toggle auto zero	Auto zero is ON or OFF, small drift is cleared
H = Set high alarm	Sets the high alarm threshold
L = Set low alarm	Sets the low alarm threshold
O = Set over range alarm	Sets the over range alarm threshold
P = List command	List these commands on screen
X = Exit calibration mode	Exit this PC mode
\$ = Initialise this sensor	Use on new PCB to set gas type to Flam
U = Alarm direction	Sets rising or falling alarms
R = Range	Allows a change in maximum value
N = Decimal points	Toggles between 1 and 2 decimal places
E = Edit user gas text	Choose gas description
B = Toggle deadband	Deadband of 2.5% can be on or off
F = Toggle fault Input	External fault input contact can be disabled
# = Normally energised	Low /high alarm relays and fault relay can be made normally energised
V = View gas log	From current log, display how many historical readings to display, up to 2880
% = Clear gas log	Set all 2880 log readings to 0.00
I = Log interval	Choose how many seconds between each log reading and whether the log will roll over or stop at 2880 (60 second interval and 2880 readings = 48 hours)
W = Set 4~20mA output * Toggle Baud Rate 20kBits/40Kbits	

## USING MAGNETS (SET UP)

The Combi sensors which have an LCD display fitted also incorporate 3 reed switches which can be activated using external magnets through the glass window of the flameproof XDIwin enclosure. **These magnets do not act instantly and have to be in close proximity to L, M and R on the front display for a few seconds to activate a software setup function.**

**The left magnet** enters the Auto zero ON or OFF menu. This allows small drift changes in the sensor to be compensated for but is not operational when the sensor readings are greater than 5% of full scale. Therefore auto zero is inactive when a larger gas reading is present. When the remove magnets message appears, move the left magnet away and then the display shows if auto zero is ON or OFF. The left magnet puts auto zero on and the right magnet turns it off. With no magnets present, the display will return to normal after a few seconds time out.

**The right magnet** allows the CAN address of the sensor to be changed. WHEN the ADDRESS menu is displayed with a prompt to remove the magnet, and then the display shows the address and that the right magnet will decrease it whilst the left magnet will increase it. This is then stored in internal non volatile memory and the display will automatically revert to normal operation.

**The centre magnet** is used to inhibit the sensor. As with the left and right magnet functions the display requests that you remove the magnet and then the state of the inhibit appears on the LCD. The left magnet then puts the sensor into inhibit whilst the right magnet removes it. An amber LED on the front panel under the LCD flashes when the sensor is inhibited. When all magnets are removed, the display will revert to normal operation.

**The left and right magnets together allow the calibration menu to be used.**

Removing both magnets as instructed on the LCD presents the first part of this multi menu which is ZERO. With no gas present use the left magnet to increase the reading and the right magnet to decrease to achieve a zero reading on the displays. A timer is displayed on the LCD and when this reaches 0, the next menu is displayed. This timer is 15 seconds approximately and is reset back each time a magnet is near. This timeout can be speeded up by placing a magnet near to the centre position.

SPAN is the next part of the menu and gas should be applied to the sensor at this time.

The left magnet increases the gain and the right magnet reduces gain. The actual sensor value can be seen on the display to rise or fall respectively.

LOW ALARM is the next menu and left and right magnets increase and decrease this value.

HIGH ALARM is next followed by over range alarm.

The direction of the alarms is displayed as ^ for rising and v for falling but these can be changed using left and right magnets together.

