# Pump Vacuum, Flow Rates and Extension Tubing

watch gas detection

Technical Note 17

## **NEO and POLI Sampling Pumps Flow Rates**

NEO and POLI sampling pumps typically draw in the gas sample at about 380-430 cc/min under normal operating conditions of high pump speed and a standard, clean 0.45-µm water trap filter attached (see Table 1). At low pump speed, flows are typically 200-250 cc/min. NEO flows tend to be slightly higher than POLI flow rates. Monitors should normally be operated using filters, but if necessary, flow rates can be increased to the 500 cc/min range by removing the filter. Cases that warrant removing the filter include measurement of certain highly-reactive or strongly-absorbing gases, or in laboratory settings known to be free of dust particles.

Table 1. Typical\* NEO and POLI Pump Flow Rates

FLOW RATES	WITH FILTER	WITHOUT FILTER			
High Speed	400 cc/min	500 cc/min			
Low Speed	240 cc/min	310 cc/min			

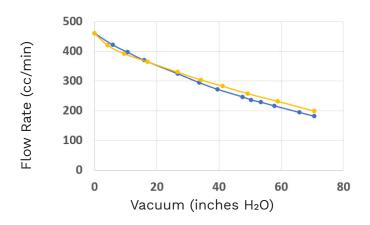
<sup>\*</sup> Actual flow rates depend strongly on the cleanliness of the filter and wear and tear of the pump

#### **Drawing Against Reduced Pressures**

NEO and POLI sampling pumps are rated to a minimum vacuum of -300 mbar (-120 in H2O) on high pump speed with a clean filter on the inlet. The table below lists 300 mbar equivalents in other pressure units.

Units	MBAR	КРА	MPA	IN. H₂O	MM HG	PSI	ATM	
Vacuum Level	-300	-30	-0.03	-120	-225	-4.3	0.7	

Although a pump in good condition can draw against such vacuums, the flow will be reduced, as shown in the figure below. We do not recommend drawing against vacuums of stronger than about.



Typical Flow-Vacuum curves for POLI and NEO Monitors (Flows at zero vacuum are without any filter attached)

-60 in. H2O for extended periods of time, as this may cause excessive strain on the pump and shorten its operating life. Also, vacuums weaker than -60 in. H2O have minimal (<5%) effect on readings, whereas stronger vacuums can reduce PID response and/or cause electrochemical (EC) sensors to dry out. EC sensors are typically rated to vacuums within 20% of ambient pressure (±80 in. H2O). Quick sampling at stronger vacuums should not affect pump life significantly. On some new instruments the pump is able to draw as much as 450 mbar (180 in. H2O) vacuum. If operation at such low pressures is necessary, it will affect the calibration, so the unit should be calibrated at the same pressure, if possible.

### Pump Maintenance and Demand-Flow Regulators

Whenever drawing against a vacuum or demand-flow regulators, it is important to maintain pumps, in good condition, especially those that have been exposed to dusty environments (See POLI Manual). Most demand-flow regulators are rated to open at only about 8 mbar (3 in. H<sub>2</sub>O) vacuum, and therefore should easily be opened by WatchGas monitor pumps. However, more vacuum is required when the gas cylinder is nearly empty. With a combination of low cylinder pressure and a poorly working pump, demand-flow regulators may not open, causing failed calibrations.

#### **Extension Tubing**

Up to about 150 feet (45 m) of 1/8-in. i.d. extension tubing can be used with a POLI or NEO that has a well-working pump and clean filter. With 100 feet of 1/8in. i.d. tubing and high pump speed, flow is reduced by about 15% and the sample delayed by about 40 seconds. Table 2 lists tubing volume and sample delay times for other tubing diameters and lengths. Note that at 3/16" i.d. and above, it may take a few minutes for the gas sample to reach the monitor for 100 ft of tubing. Using 1/8" and larger i.d. tubing does not cause significant pressure drop and therefore will not significantly affect pump life even at 100-ft lengths, while 1/16" i.d. tubing may cause pump strain at longer lengths. In any case, the Pump Stall Threshold should be set with any inlet extension tubing attached, to avoid excessive pump stalls.

TUBING INNER DIAMETER				TUBING VOLUME		DELAY TIME (SEC) AT LO FLOW (240 CC/MIN) FOR TUBING LENGTH OF				DELAY TIME (SEC) AT HI FLOW (400 CC/MIN) FOR TUBING LENGTH OF			
Inches Inches cn	am	cm cc/ft	cc/m	3 ft	10 ft	30 ft	100 ft	3 ft	10 ft	30 ft	100 ft		
	cm			1 m	3 m	9 m	30 m	1 m	3 m	9 m	30 m		
1/16	0.063	0.159	0.6	2.0	0.5	2	5	18	0.3	1	3	11	
1/8	0.125	0.318	2.4	7.9	2	6	18	70	1.1	4	11	42	
3/16	0.250	0.478	5.5	17.9	4	14	41	136	2.5	8	25	82	
1/4	0.250	0.635	9.7	31.7	7	24	72	241	4	14	43	145	
5/16	0.313	0.795	15.1	49.6	11	38	113	378	7	23	68	227	

Table 2. Extension tubing volume and sample delay times

#### Use Inert (Teflon FEP) Tubing for Reactive Gases and VOCs

Tygon® tubing is suitable for POLI measurements of the standard 4 gases O<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>S/CO/CH<sub>4</sub> LEL. However, inert tubing must be used for reactive gases such as Cl<sub>2</sub>, ClO<sub>2</sub> and HCl and for adsorbable vapors like most VOCs. For example, 10 feet of Tygon® tubing will completely absorb diesel fuel, causing no PID response. WatchGas offers FEP-lined Tygon® tubing for this purpose because it combines the inertness of Teflon® with the handling flexibility of Tygon®. Where sharp bends must be made, Viton® tubing offers good inertness with high flexibility, albeit at higher cost. Glass or metal tubing can also often be used since they do not significantly absorb or react with VOCs or the standard 4 gases O<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>S/CO/CH<sub>4</sub> LEL. In all cases of reactive or adsorbable gases, the shortest possible length of tubing should be employed, regardless of tubing type.

#### **POLI Extension Probe**

The POLI extension probe comes with 3 feet (1 m) of FEP-lined tubing for ease of handling, as shown in the image below. Up to five 1-foot (30-cm) sections can be attached for a maximum total length of 6 feet (2 m). There is no perceptible effect on sensor response time, even at the maximum length. For standard 4 gases O<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>S\*/CO/CH<sub>4</sub> LEL and PID measurements: there is no loss of sample because of FEP lining and aluminum surfaces do not absorb these gases. However, the probe cannot be used for acid gases like HF and HCl. When in doubt, check for sample loss by measuring with and without the probe attached.

\* Note: longer lengths of aluminum tubing may affect H<sub>2</sub>S concentrations.

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